



**Federal Aviation
Administration**



***WAAS Technical Report
William J. Hughes Technical Center
Atlantic City International Airport, New Jersey
June 19, 2014***

Author(s): Bill Wanner

***DR #124 Loss of LPV-200 Service in Central
CONUS
GPS Week/Day: Week 1797 Day 3 (6/18/2014)***

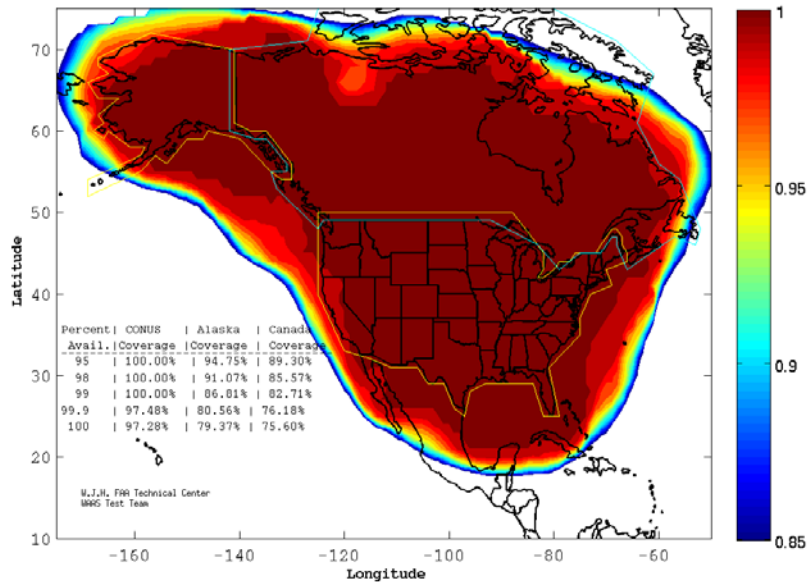
Introduction

- **On June 18, 2014 there was a loss of LPV-200 service in the Kansas/Oklahoma/Texas region**
 - Normally LPV-200 is 100% available, though there have been instances where an LPV-200 outage occurs in this part of CONUS
 - Prior to June 18, it last happened on June 11
 - See next slide for coverage on June 17 (100%) and June 18
 - Note that the LPV-200 coverage in Oregon was less than normal too. This presentation does not address those LPV-200 outages since that area is on the borderline of 100% LPV-200 coverage. On June 18, of the four airports that lost LPV-200, the highest VPL was 35.3 meters at EUG, just over the 35 meter VAL
- **On June 18 there were two GUS switchovers for the CRW GEO**
 - Manual switchover from Littleton to Napa at 10:03 GMT
 - Napa faulted at 11:58 GMT and Littleton once again became the primary GUS for CRW
- **When the manual switchover occurred the UDRE for CRW went from 7.5 meters to Not Monitored**
- **A little after 13:00 GMT the UDRE for CRW dropped to 50 meters and stayed there until after 18:00 GMT**
 - The UDRE must be 15 meters or less for the satellite to be used in the LPV position solution
- **This presentation shows that the high UDRE on CRW caused the LPV-200 outage**
 - LPV-200 service was lost at 13 airports in Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas
 - Total outage was less than 10 minutes at each airport

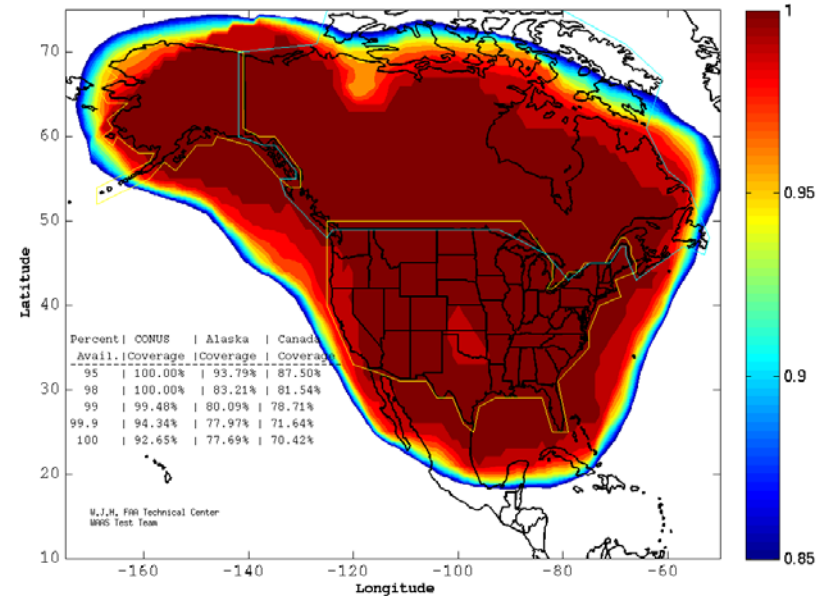


WAAS Coverage – June 17 and June 18, 2014

WAAS LPV200 Coverage Contours
06/17/14
Week 1797 Day 2



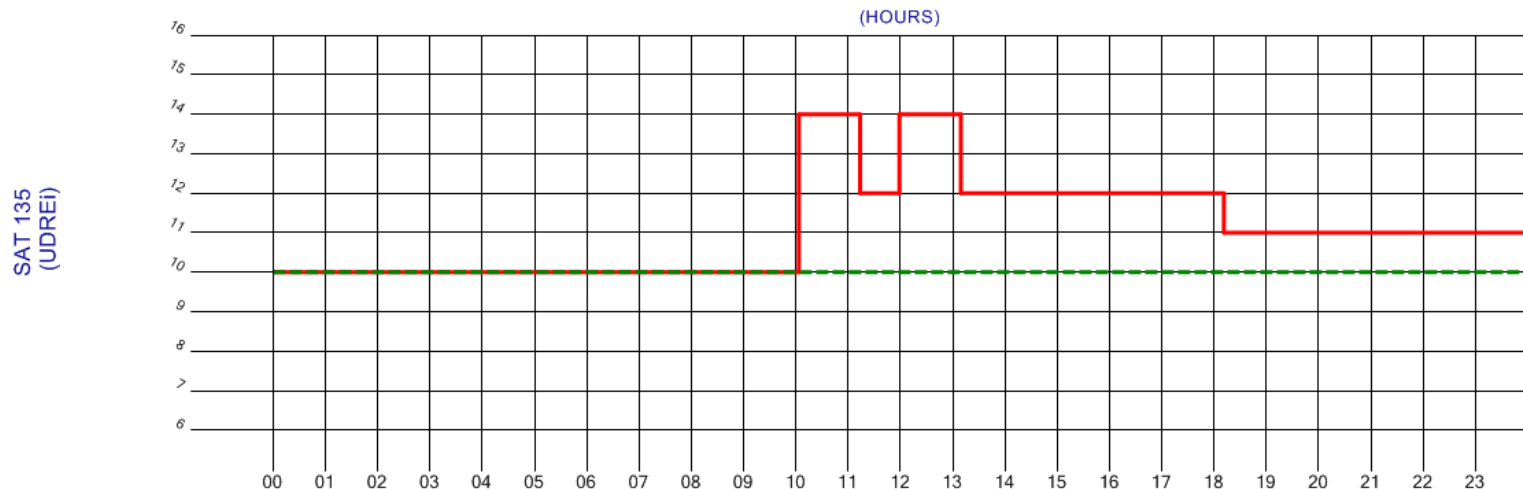
WAAS LPV200 Coverage Contours
06/18/14
Week 1797 Day 3



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CRW UDRE

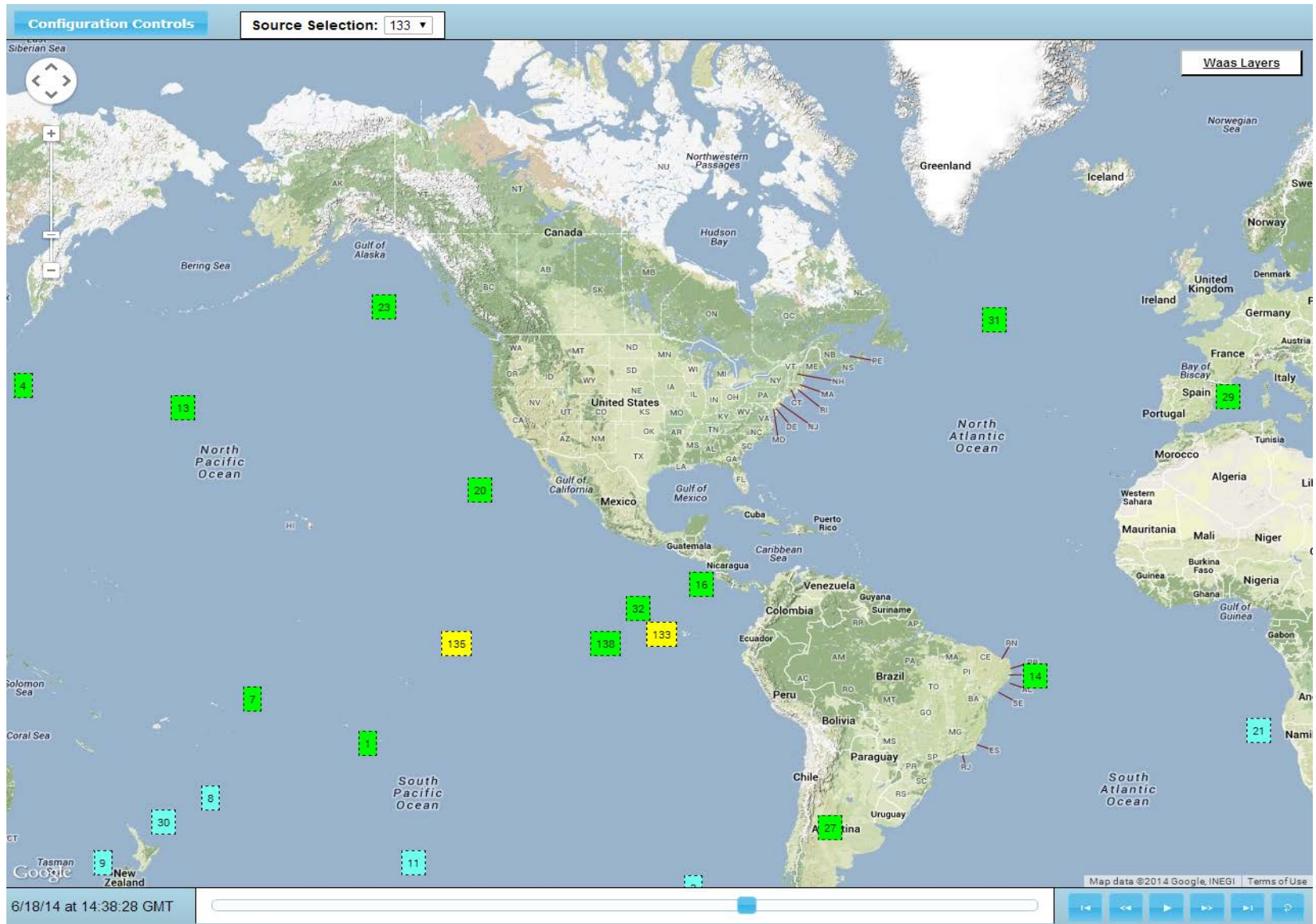
- This figure shows the UDREi for CRW on June 18
 - Green line is the expected UDREi and red line is the actual



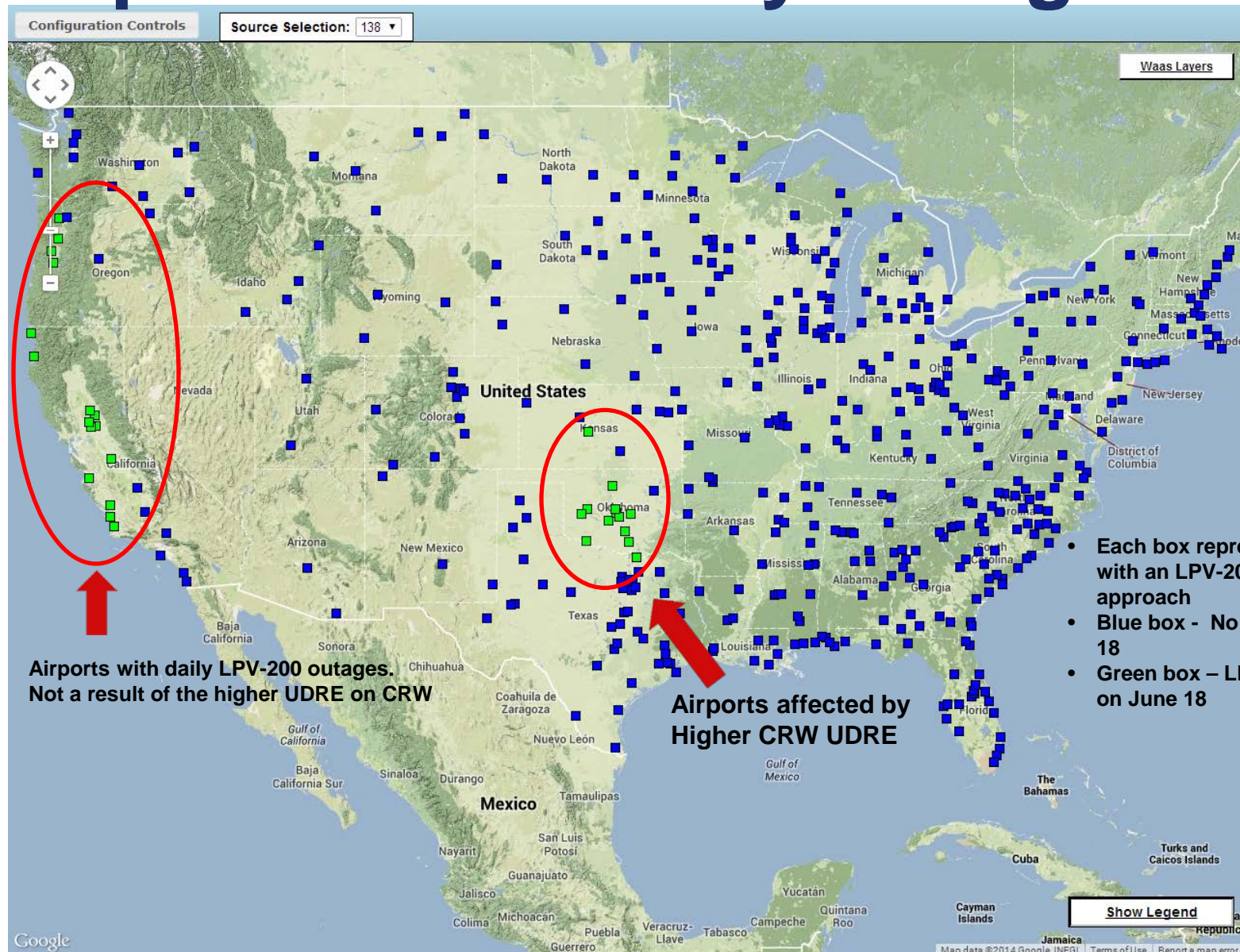
Satellite Status

Number in box = PRN number
Green Box - UDRE ≤ 15 meters
Yellow Box - UDRE = 50 or 150 meters
Blue Box - Not monitored satellite

- This figure shows the satellite status at 14:38 GMT



Airports Affected by Outage



Effect at OKC Airport

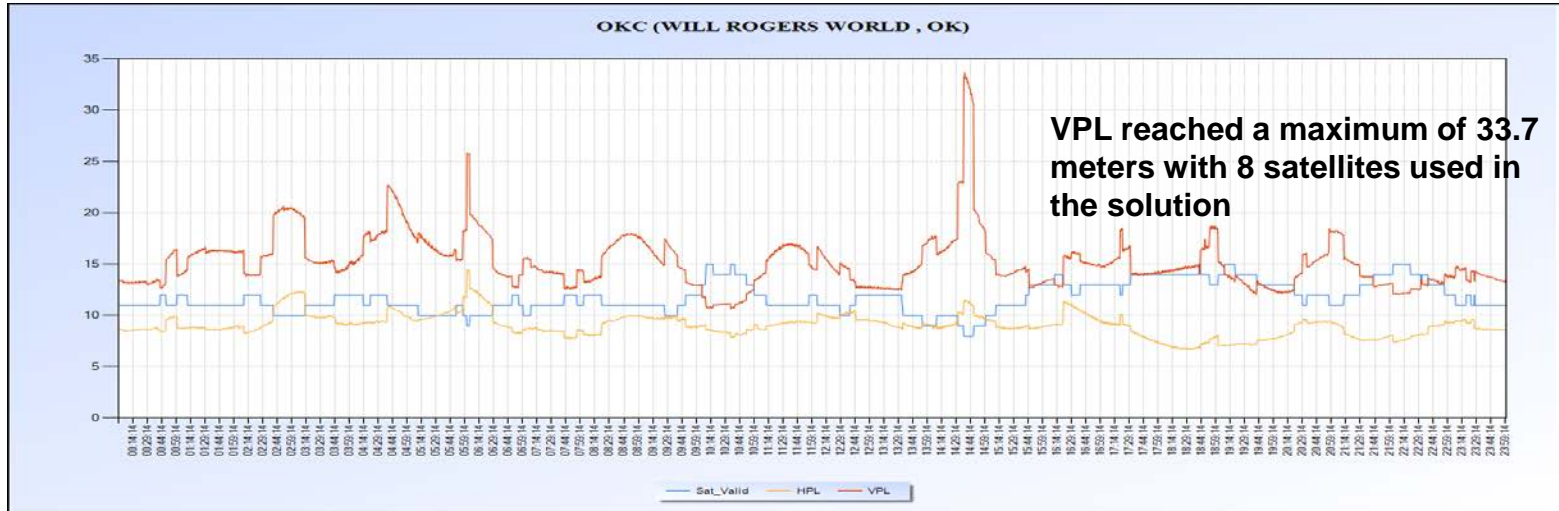
- **Will Rogers World Airport (OKC) was one of the airports affected on June 18**
- **At the time of the outage (around 14:30 GMT) the VPL approaches 35 meters daily**
- **On June 18 at around 14:30 GMT the VPL exceeded 35 meters since the CRW was not available for use in the position solution since the UDRE was greater than 15 meters**



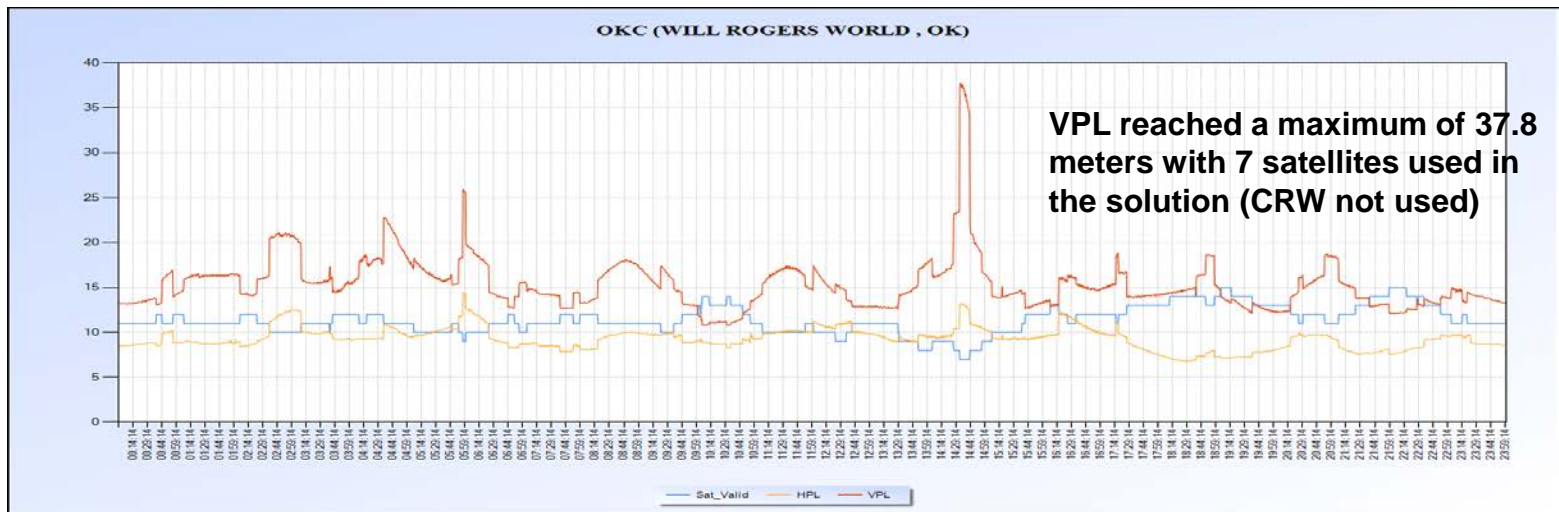
Effect at OKC Airport

- One of the airports affected was Will Rogers World Airport in Oklahoma City
 - HPL/VPL and number of satellites used in the solution for June 17 and June 18 shown below

June 17



June 18



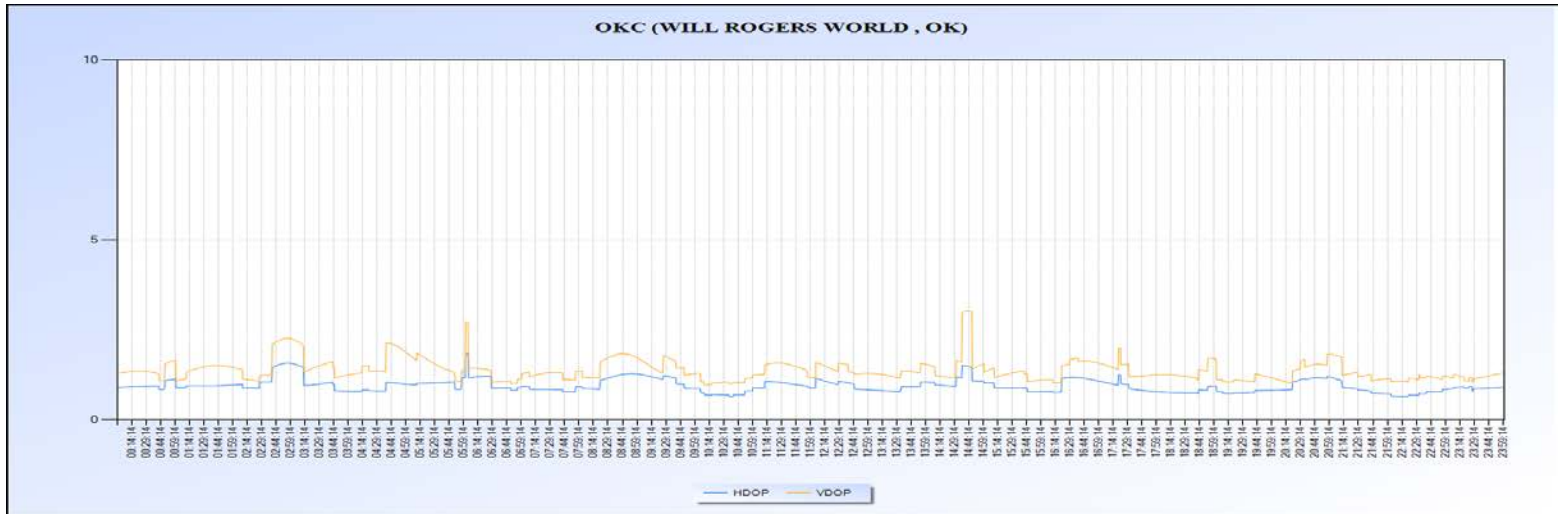
HDOP/VDOP at OKC

- **The HDOP and VDOP on June 17 and June 18 at OKC were identical**
 - This is true for the HDOP and VDOP using GPS satellites only; WAAS satellites not included in DOP calculation
 - The GPS constellation geometry (DOP) greatly affects the VPL
 - Since the GPS-only DOPs are the same the only difference between the two days was not using the CRW GEO in the VPL calculation

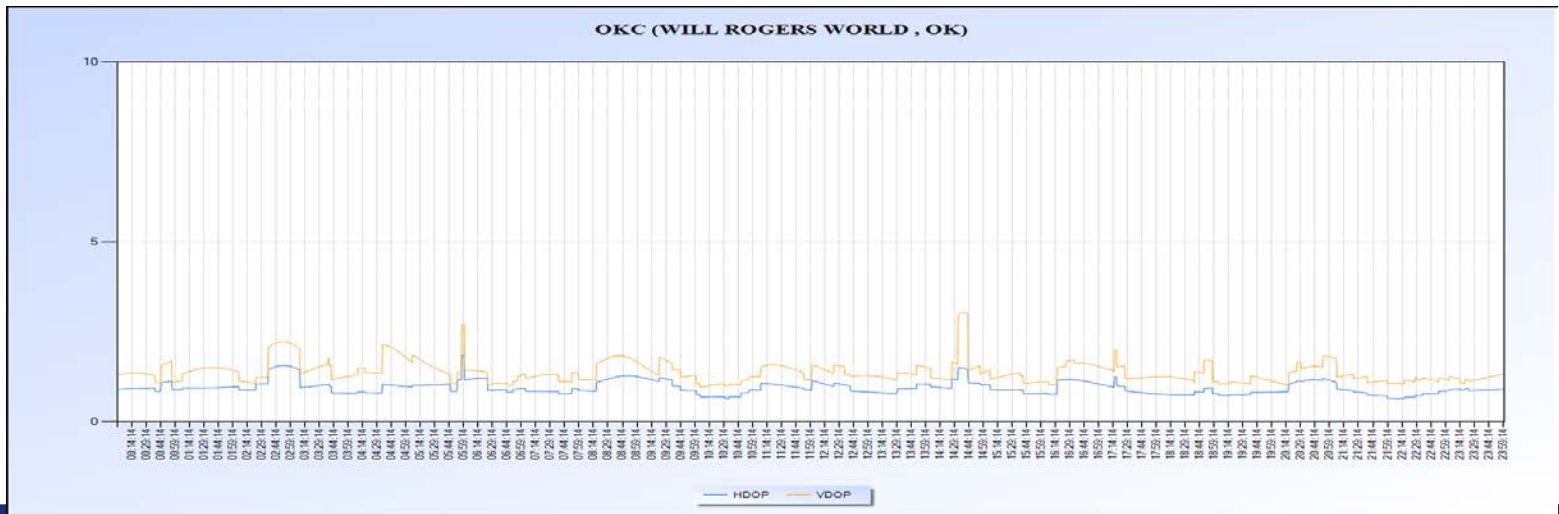


HDOP/VDOP at OKC

June 17









June 18



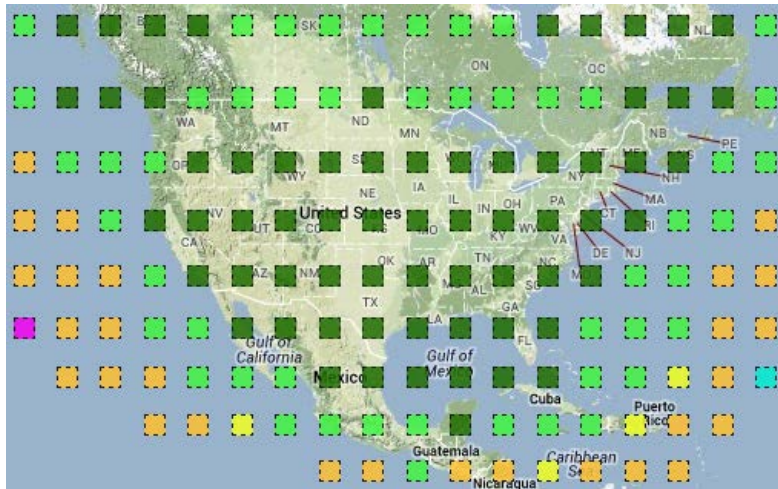
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Ionosphere

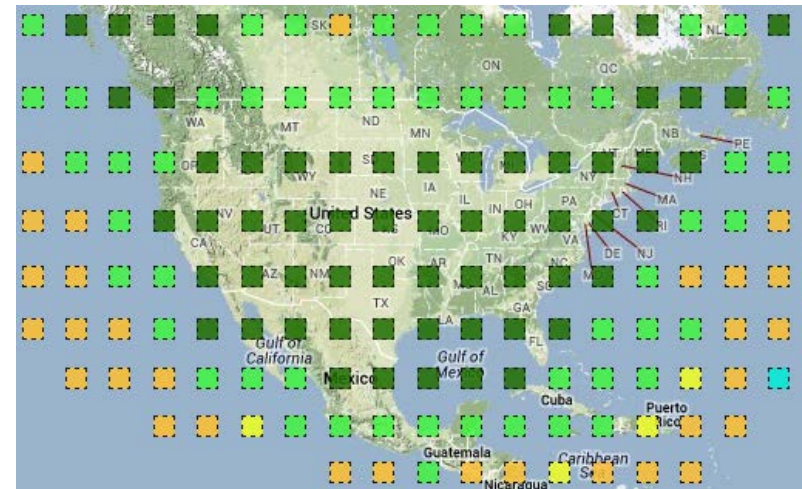
This legend shows the GIVE for each IGP in meters. Note that the dark green (3.6) means the GIVE was ≤ 3.6 meters

IGP Gives	
3.6	
4.5	
6	
15	
25	
45	

- On June 17 and June 18 the IGPs were basically the same
- The figure below shows the maximum GIVE for each IGP on each day from 13:00 to 15:00 GMT



June 17



June 18



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Observations

- **LPV-200 coverage was lost for a short amount of time in central CONUS due to higher UDRE on the CRW GEO**
 - CRW could not be included in the calculation of VPL by an LPV user since the UDRE was greater than 15 meters
 - 13 airports effected with outages lasting from 2 to 10 minutes
 - VPLs exceeded the VAL of 35 meters by a small margin (the highest was less than 38 meters)
- **Other factors that influence the VPL (i.e. GPS constellation geometry and GIVE) were the same on June 17 and June 18**
 - June 17 is typical performance
- **An outage over this part of the country is not unusual**
 - Actually, there was another LPV-200 outage at 9 airports on June 19 at the same time
 - The highest VPL at OKC was 36.1 meters
 - The outage on June 18 is noteworthy since it was over a larger area than usual, caused by a CRW outage, and the new IIF satellite (PRN 6) was in service
 - Currently a 31 satellite constellation
- **Even with a full (31 satellite) GPS constellation, ranging from GEOs assists in keeping WAAS availability high**
- **The current WAAS practice to keep planned GUS switches to a minimum and to do it during 'off hours' should continue**

